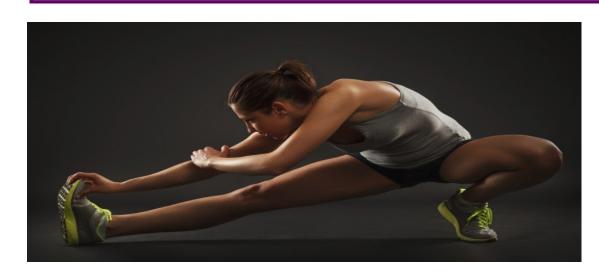
# The Effect of Static Stretching on Hamstring Muscle Length: A Systematic Review

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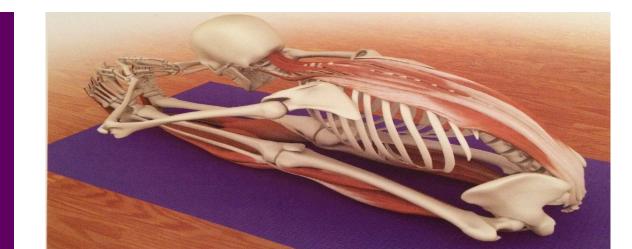
#### INTRODUCTION

Muscular flexibility is important to allow sufficient joint range of motion during basic movements. (4) Hamstring strains are among the most common injuries in sports that involve sprinting and jumping, but are also common in dancing and gymnastics.<sup>(4)</sup> The bi-articular anatomy of this muscle sometimes means it is stressed heavily over two joints during simultaneous hip flexion and knee extension. Insufficient hamstring muscle length has been thought to be a possible cause of hamstring strain. Static stretching has been shown to be the most effective at increasing hamstring muscle length and flexibility in the management of hamstring injuries. (1,2,3) Recent studies show that there are divided opinions about the effect of static stretching on muscles. More insight is needed to understand if this intervention does or does not increase hamstring muscle length.



# AIM

Identifying the effect of Static Stretching on Hamstring Muscle Length



**METHOD** 

**Study Design:** Systematic review

**Databases:** PubMed, PEDro and Medline, Cinahl and Sportdiscuss via EBSCOhost

Two elements of PICO --> Intervention: Stretching techniques, Outcome: effect, muscle, muscle length Keywords: Inclusion criteria:

English/German studies, intervention studies, hamstring muscle length, manual stretching techniques, outcome measurement includes ROM (hip and knee joint), measured in degrees

Subjects with an orthopaedic or neurologic issues that could influence the ability to gain ROM, **Exclusion criteria:** 

immediate effect, stretching combined with another intervention, abstract and unpublished data

**Data extraction:** Intervention table: demographics of subjects, study design, supervision, position, duration, protocol, and time

elapsed between measurements. Outcome measurement table: results and authors conclusion

**Quality Assessment:** Methodological quality with Physiotherapy Evidence Database (PEDro) scale

Level of Evidence: Levels of recommendation and levels of evidence (EBRO method)

A best-evidence synthesis (BES) was performed Data Synthesis:

#### **RESULTS** Record identified through **Databases** (n=703)PubMed (n= 46) Cinahl, Medline, Sportdicuss via EBSCOhost (n= 245) PEDro (n= 412) Records excluded of Non-Clinical Trials (n = 66)Records screened on duplicates, title and abstract (n = 637)Records excluded (n = 612)Full-text publication assessed for eligibility No full text access (n= 6) (n=25)Immediate effect (n= 4) Other muscle groups (n=5) Combination of Intervention Inclusion (n=2)(n=7)Outcome not in degrees (n=1)Check reference list (n=2)Total included studies (n=9)Figure 1: Collection and Selection of eligible studies

#### Regular static stretch **DOES NOT increase Hamstring Muscle Length**

# **VERSUS**

#### Regular static stretch **DOES** increase **Hamstring Muscle Length**

3 Randomized Control Trial	Number of included	3 Randomized Control Trial
	articles	3 Clinical Control Trial
	artiolo3	o omnou oondor mar
Strong	PEDro Score	4 Moderate; 2 Strong
Digital Inclinometer	Measurement Tool	Universal Goniometer
Passive Straight Leg Raise	Testing position in supine	Passive Straight Leg Raise/Active Knee Extension Test
Objective measured by	End range determination	Subjective measured by the
special devise	during testing	patients feeling of discomfort
•		
First test at least one day prior		5 out of 6 studies ->
Final test at least 24 hours	Pre/Post	No specific information
after the last stretch	Measurement	1 out of 6 studies ->
		First test one week prior
		Final test 1-2 days after
		i mai toot i 2 dayo anoi
1 x 1-30 minutes	Intervention Protocol	2-6 x 20-30 seconds
5-7 x a week		3-7 x a week
for 3-6 weeks		for 4-12 weeks
No	Easy to apply in practise	Yes
CI of 95% or higher	Statistical Values	p<0,05

#### LIMITATIONS

- Systematic review is written by one author
- Lack of blinding during the data collection of included studies
- Inclusion and exclusion criteria narrowed down
- No direct procedure to measure the length of the muscle
- Only one muscle group and one stretching technique

### Recommendation for clinical practice:

Static stretching is NOT recommended as an intervention to increase hamstring muscle length

#### Recommendation for future studies:

- Insufficient consistency in terminology
- Subjects with limited hamstring muscle length

# REFERENCES

- 1. Ben M, Harvey LA. Regular stretch does not increase muscle extensibility: A randomized controlled trial. Scand J Med Sci Sport. 2010;20(1):136-44.
- 2. Folpp H, Deall S, Harvey L a, Gwinn T. Can apparent increases in muscle extensibility with regular stretch be explained by changes in tolerance to stretch? Aust J Physiother [Internet]. 2006;52(1):45-50.

## CONCLUSION

Regular static stretching does NOT increase Hamstring Muscle Length

## REFERENCES

3. Law RYW, Harvey L a, Nicholas MK, Tonkin L, De Sousa M, Finniss DG. Stretch exercises increase tolerance to stretch in patients with chronic musculoskeletal pain: a randomized controlled trial. Phys Ther. 2009;89(10):1016–26

4. Borman NP, Trudelle-Jackson E, Smith SS. Effect of stretch positions on hamstring muscle length, lumbar flexion range of motion, and lumbar curvature in healthy adults. Physiother Theory Pract. 2011;27(2):146–54.